

**LCD Color Television** 

**42WLG66** 

Ver. 1

This model is classified as a green product (\*1), as indicated by the underlined serial number. This Service Manual describes replacement parts for the green product. When repairing this green product, use the part(s) described in this manual and lead-free solder (\*2). For (\*1) and (\*2), refer to **GREEN PRODUCT PROCUREMENT** and **LEAD-FREE SOLDER**.

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## **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

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# **GREEN PRODUCT PROCUREMENT**

The EC is actively promoting the WEEE & RoHS Directives that define standards for recycling and reuse of Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment and for the Restriction of the use of certain Hazardous Substances. From July 1, 2006, the RoHS Directive will prohibit any marketing of new products containing the restricted substances.

Increasing attention is given to issues related to the global environmental. Toshiba Corporation recognizes environmental protection as a key management tasks, and is doing its utmost to enhance and improve the quality and scope of its environmental activities. In line with this, Toshiba proactively promotes Green Procurement, and seeks to purchase and use products, parts and materials that have low environmental impacts.

Green procurement of parts is not only confined to manufacture. The same green parts used in manufacture must also be used as replacement parts.

# LEAD-FREE SOLDER

This product is manufactured using lead-free solder as a part of a movement within the consumer products industry at large to be environmentally responsible. Lead-free solder must be used in the servicing and repair of this product.

WARNING: This product is manufactured using lead free solder.

DO NOT USE LEAD BASED SOLDER TO REPAIR THIS PRODUCT!

The melting temperature of lead-free solder is higher than that of leaded solder by 86°F to 104°F (30°C to 40°C). Use of a soldering iron designed for lead-based solders to repair product made with lead-free solder may result in damage to the component and or PCB being soldered. Great care should be made to ensure high-quality soldering when servicing this product especially when soldering large components, through-hole pins, and on PCBs as the level of heat required to melt lead-free solder is high.

# **SAFETY INSTRUCTION**

WARNING: BEFORE SERVICING THIS CHASSIS, READ THE "SAFETY PRECAUTION" AND "PRODUCT SAFETY NOTICE" INSTRUCTIONS BELOW.

# **Safety Precaution**

WARNING: SERVICING SHOULD NOT BE ATTEMPTED BY ANYONE UNFAMILIAR WITH THE NECESSARY PRECAUTIONS ON THIS RECEIVER. THE FOLLOWING ARE THE NECESSARY PRECAUTIONS TO BE OBSERVED BEFORE SERVICING THIS CHASSIS.

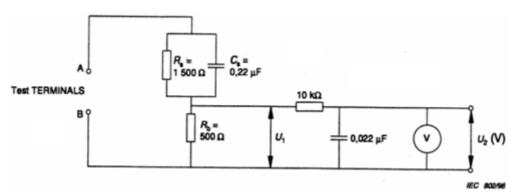
- 1. An isolation transformer should be connected in the power line between the receiver and the AC line before any service is performed on the receiver.
- 2. Always disconnect the power plug before any disassembling of the product. It may result in electrical shock.
- 3. When replacing a chassis in the cabinet, always be certain that all the protective devices are put back in place, such as nonmetallic control knobs, insulating covers, shields, isolation resistor-capacitor network, etc.
- 4. Always keep tools, components of the product, etc away from the children, These items may cause injury to children.
- 5. Depending on the model, use an isolation transformer or wear suitable gloves when servicing with the power on, and disconnect the power plug to avoid electrical shock when replacing parts. In some cases, alternating current is also impressed in the chassis, so electrical shock is possible if the chassis is contacted with the power on.
- 6. Always use the replacement parts specified for the particular model when making repairs. The parts used in products require special safety characteristics such as inflammability,

voltage resistance, etc. therefore, use only replacement parts that have these same characteristics. Use only the specified parts when the 
mark is indicated in the circuit diagram or parts list.

- 7. Parts mounting and routing dressing of wirings should be the same as that used originally. For safety purposes, insulating materials such as isolation tube or tape are sometimes used and printed circuit boards are sometimes mounted floating. Also make sure that wirings is routed and clamped to avoid parts that generate heat and which use high voltage. Always follow the manufactured wiring routes / dressings.
- 8. Always ensure that all internal wirings are in accordance before re-assembling the external casing after a repairing completed. Do not allow internal wiring to be pinched by cabinets, panels, etc. Any error in reassembly or wiring can result in electrical leakage, flame, etc., and may be hazardous.
- 9. NEVER remodel the product in any way. Remodeling can result in improper operation, malfunction, or electrical leakage and flame, which may be hazardous.
- 10. Touch current check. (After completing the work, measure touch current to prevent an electric shock.)
  - Plug the AC cord directly into the AC outlet. Do NOT use an isolation transformer for this check.
  - Connect a measuring network for touch currents between each exposed metallic part on the set and a good earth ground such as a water pipe.

Annex D (normative)

Measuring network for TOUCH CURRENTS



Resistance values in orms ( $\Omega$ ).

V: Voltmeter or oscilloscope

(r.m.s. or peak reading)

Input resistance :  $\ge$  1 M $\Omega$  Input capacitance :  $\le$  200 pF

Frequency range: 15 Hz to 1 MHz and d.c. respectively

Note: Appropriate measures should be taken to obtain the correct value in case of non sinusoidal waveforms.

The measuring instrument is calibrated by comparing the frequency factor of  $U_2$  with the solid line in figure F.2 of IEC 60990 at various frequencies. A calibration curve is constructed showing the deviation of  $U_2$  from the ideal curve as a function of frequency.

TOUCH CURRENT = U<sub>2</sub>/500 (peak value).

• The potential at any point (TOUCH CURRENT) expressed as voltage  $U_1$  and  $U_2$  does not exceed the following value:

The part or contact of a TERMINAL is not HAZARDOUS LIVE if:

- a) The open-circuit voltage should not exceed 35 V (peak) a.c. or 60 V d.c. or, if a) is not met.
- b) The measurement of the TOUCH CURRENT shall be carried out in accordance with IEC 60990, with the measuring network described in Annex D of this standard.

The TOUCH CURRENT expressed as voltages  $U_1$  and  $U_2$ , does not exceed the following

- for a.c. :  $U_1$  = 35 V (peak) and  $U_2$  = 0.35 V (peak); - for d.c. :  $U_1$  = 1.0 V

Note: The limit values of  $U_2 = 0.35 \text{ V}$  (peak) for a.c. and  $U_1 = 1.0 \text{ V}$  for d.c. correspond to the values 0.7 mA (peak) a.c. and 2.0 mA d.c.

# **Product Safety Notice**

Many electrical and mechanical parts in this chassis have special safety-related characteristics. These characteristics are often passed unnoticed by a visual inspection and the protection afforded by them cannot necessarily be obtained by using replacement components rated for higher voltage, wattage, etc. Replacement parts which have these special safety characteristics are identified in this manual and its supplements; electrical components having such features are identified by the international hazard symbols on the schematic diagram and the parts list. Before replacing any of these components, read the parts list in this manual carefully. The use of substitute replacement parts which do not have the same safety characteristics as specified in the parts list may create electrical shock, fire, or other hazards.

# **SAFETY INSTRUCTION**

# **Handling the LCD Module**

## **Safety Precaution**

In the event that the screen is damaged or the liquid crystal (fluid) leaks, do not breathe in or drink this fluid.

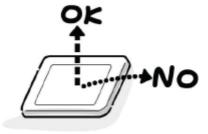
Also, never touch this fluid. Such actions could cause toxicity or skin irritation. If this fluid should enter the mouth, rinse the mouth thoroughly with water. If the fluid should contact the skin or clothing, wipe off with alcohol, etc., and rinse thoroughly with water. If the fluid should enter the eyes, immediately rinse the eyes thoroughly with running water.

## **Precautions for Handling the LCD Module**

CAUTION: The metal edges of the LCD module are sharp, handle it with care.

The LCD module can easily be damaged during disassembly or reassembly; therefore, always observe the following precautions when handling the module.

1. When attaching the LCD module to the LCD cover, position it appropriately and fasten at the position where the display can be viewed most conveniently.



2. Carefully align the holes at all four corners of the LCD module with the corresponding holes in the LCD cover and fasten with screws. Do not strongly push on the module because any impact can adversely affect the performance. Also use caution when handling the polarized screen because it can easily be damaged.



3. If the panel surface becomes soiled, wipe with cotton or a soft cloth. If this does not remove the soiling, breathe on the surface and then wipe again.

If the panel surface is extremely solied, use a CRT cleaner as a cleaner. Wipe off the panel surface by drop the cleaner on the cloth. Do not drop the cleaner on the panel. Pay attention not to scratch the panel surface.



4. Leaving water or other fluids on the panel screen for an extended period of time can result in discoloration or stripes. Immediately remove any type of fluid from the screen.



5. Glass is used in the panel, so do not drop or strike with hard objects. Such actions can damage the panel.



6. CMOS-LSI circuitry is used in the LCD module, so avoid damage due to static electricity. When handling the module, use a wrist ground or anchor ground.



7. Do not expose the LCD module to direct sunlight or strong ultraviolet rays for an extended period of time.



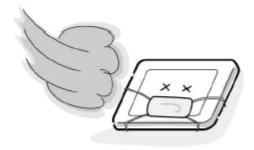
8. Do not store the LCD module below the temperature conditions described in the specifications. Failure to do so could result in freezing of the liquid crystal due to cold air or loss of resilience or other damage.

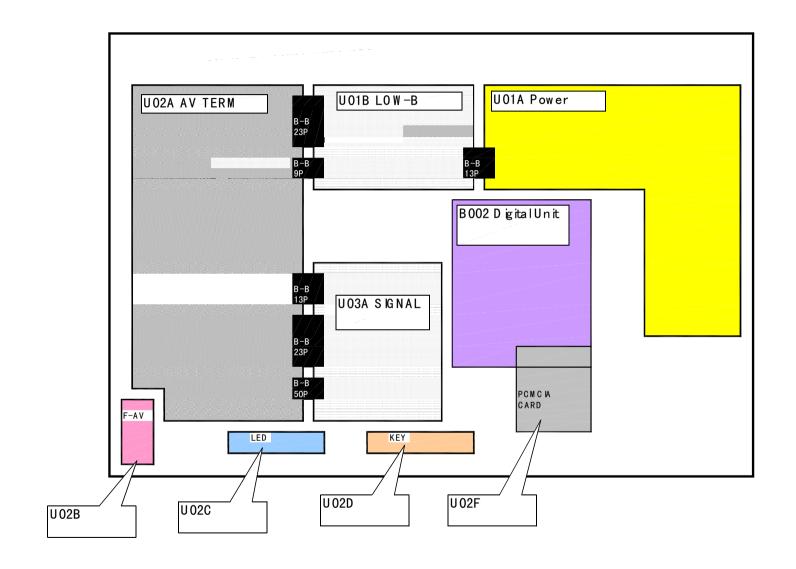


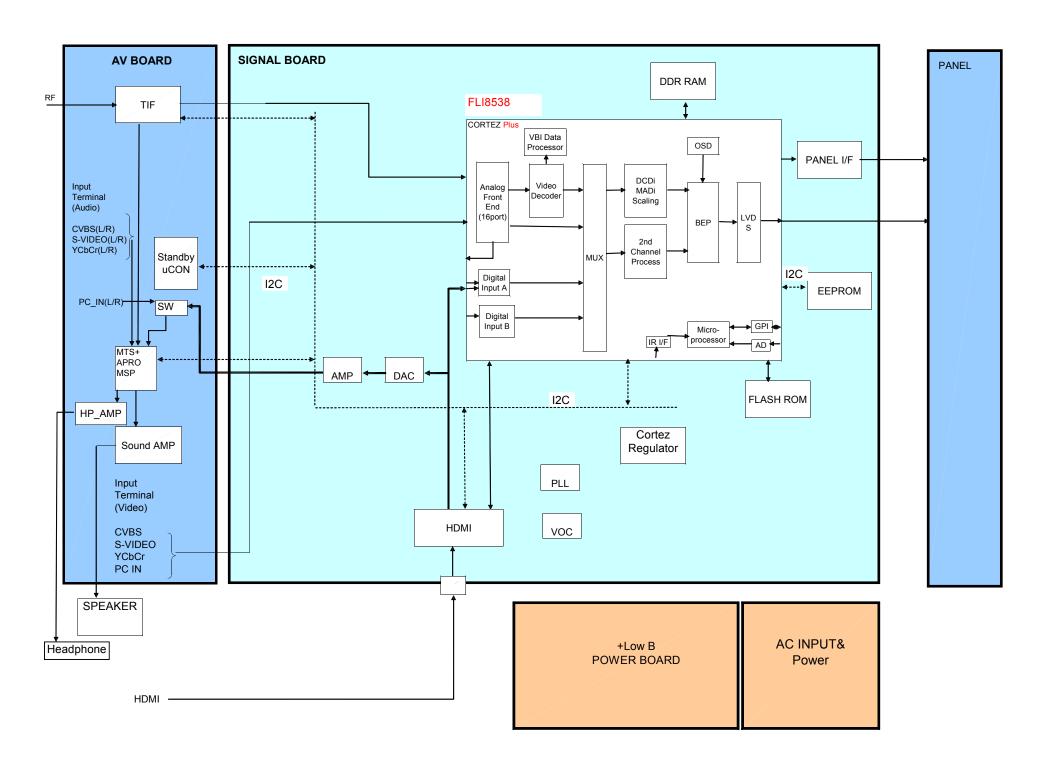
9. Do not disassemble the LCD module. Such actions could result in improper operation.



10. When transporting the LCD module, do not use packing containing epoxy resin (amine) or silicon resin (alcohol or oxim). The gas generated by these materials can cause loss of polarity.







## SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

### **Precaution**

WARNING: BEFORE SERVICING THIS CHASSIS, READ THE "X-RAY RADIATION PRECAUTION" FOR DIRECT VIEW CTV ONLY, "SAFETY PRECAUTION" AND "PRODUCT SAFETY NOTICE" OF THIS MANUAL.

CAUTION: The international hazard symbols "A" in the schematic diagram and the parts list designate components which have special characteristics important for safety and

should be replaced only with types identical to those in the original circuit or specified in the parts list.

The mounting position of replacements is to be identical with originals. Before replacing any of these components, read carefully the SAFETY PRECAUTION and PRODUCT SAFETY NOTICE.

Do not degrade the safety of the receiver through improper servicing.

#### Note:

#### 1. RESISTOR

Resistance is shown in ohm [K=1,000, M=1,000,000]. All resistors are 1/6 W and 5 % tolerance carbon resistor, unless otherwise noted as the following marks.

1/2R : Metal or Metal oxide of 1/2 watt

1/2S : Carbon composition of 1/2 watt

1RF : Fuse resistor of 1 watt

10 W : Cement of 10 watt

### 2. CAPACITOR

Unless otherwise noted in schematic, all capacitor values less than 1 are expressed in  $\mu F$ , and the values more than 1 in pF.

All capacitors are ceramic 50 V, unless otherwise noted as the following marks.

- 3. The parts indicated with "A" have special characteristics, and should be replaced with identical parts only.
- 4. Voltages read with DIGITAL MULTI-METER from point indicated to chassis ground, using a color bar signal with all controls at normal, line voltage at nominal AC volts.
- 5. Waveforms are taken receiving color bar signal with enough sensitivity.
- 6. Voltage reading shown are nominal values and may vary  $\pm 20$  % except H.V.

